

1 More, MORE, MOREEEE (Spring 2016, MT2)

For all the methods below, give the runtime in $\Theta(\cdot)$ notation as a function of N . Your answer should be simple, with no unnecessary leading constants or summations.

```
1 public static void p1(int N) {  
2     for (int i = 0; i < N; i += 1) {  
3         for (int j = 1; j < N; j = j + 2) {  
4             System.out.println("hi !");  
5         }  
6     }  
7 }
```

P1 answer: $\Theta(\dots)$

```
1 public static void p2(int N) {  
2     for (int i = 0; i < N; i += 1) {  
3         for (int j = 1; j < N; j = j * 2) {  
4             System.out.println("hi !");  
5         }  
6     }  
7 }
```

P2 answer: $\Theta(\dots)$

```
1 public static void p3(int N) {  
2     if (N <= 1) return;  
3     p3(N / 2);  
4     p3(N / 2);  
5 }
```

P3 answer: $\Theta(\dots)$

```

1 public static void p4(int N) {
2     int m = (int)((15 + Math.round(3.2 / 2)) *
3         (Math.floor(10 / 5.5) / 2.5) * Math.pow(2, 5));
4     for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
5         System.out.println("hi");
6     }
7 }
```

P4 answer: $\Theta(\quad)$

```

1 public static void p5(int N) {
2     for (int i = 1; i <= N * N; i *= 2) {
3         for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {
4             System.out.println("moo");
5         }
6     }
7 }
```

P5 answer: $\Theta(\quad)$

2 A Wild Hilfinger Appears! (Fall 2017, Final)

a. Given the following function definitions, what is the worst-case runtime for $p(N)$?

Assume h is a boolean function requiring constant time.

Answer: $\Theta(\quad)$

```

1 int p(int M) {
2     return r(0, M);
3 }
4
5 int r(int i, int M) {
6     if (i >= M) return 0;
7     if (s(i) > 0) return i;
8     return r(i + 1, M);
9 }
10
11 int s(int k) {
12     if (k <= 0) return 0;
13     if (h(k)) return k;
14     return s(k - 1);
15 }
```

- b. What is the worse-case runtime for the call $p(N)$? Assume that calls to h require constant time.

Answer: $\Theta(\quad)$

```

1 void p(int M) {
2     int L, U;
3     for (L = U = 0; U < M; L += 1, U += 2) {
4         for (int i = L; i < U; i+= 1) {
5             h(i);
6         }
7     }
8 }
```

3 Tree Time (Spring 2018, Midterm 2)

- a. Draw the 2-3 tree that results from inserting 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 5 in that order.

- b. Draw a valid BST of minimum height containing the keys 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 5.